

(1411MFD20)

THREE YEAR B.C.A. (Big Data and Machine Learning)/ B.C.A. (Data Science and Data Analytics)/M.C.A. (Dual Degree)/B.C.A. with Data Science (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH/APRIL, 2022.

(Regular/Supplementary)

FIRST SEMESTER

Paper - I - MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATION FOR DATA SCIENCE

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

SECTION - A

Answer any FIVE questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

(Marks : 5 × 5 marks = 25 marks)

1. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, then find $A+B$ and $A-B$.

2. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 9 \\ 5 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$, then find AB and BA . Is $AB=BA$?

3. Examine the following matrix A is orthogonal or not, where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 & 1 \\ -3 & 1 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$.

4. Find the adjoint of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$.

5. Find the rank of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 6 \\ 3 & 6 & 1 \\ -5 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$.

6. Solve the following equations by Cramer's rule $x+y+z=6$, $x-y+z=2$, $2x-y+3z=9$.

7. Evaluate $\int_0^6 \frac{1}{1+x} dx$ by using Trapezoidal rule, here divide the interval $[0, 6]$ into six sub-intervals.

8. Construct a forward difference table from the following table, find $\Delta^4 y(0)$.

x	0	1	2	3	4
y_x	1	1.5	2.2	3.1	4.6

[P.T.O]

9. If $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$ and $B = \{2, 3, 5, 6\}$, then find $A - B$ and $B - A$.

10. If $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ and $B = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$, then find $A \cup B$ and $A \cap B$.

SECTION - B

Answer any FIVE questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

(Marks : 5 × 10 marks = 50 marks)

11. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ and $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, then verify that $A(B+C) = AB+AC$.

12. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, then find $A^2 - 3A - 13I$, where I is the unit matrix.

13. Examine the following matrix 'A' is singular or Non-singular where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 8 & 1 \\ -4 & 4 & 1 \\ -4 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

14. Find the inverse of the matrix A, where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & -3 \\ -2 & -4 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$.

15. Find the rank of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$.

16. Solve the equations by using matrix inversion method.

$$2x - y + 3z = 9, \quad x + y + z = 6, \quad x - y + z = 2$$

17. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi} t \sin t \, dt$ using the Trapezoidal rule. Divide the interval $[0, \pi]$ into six parts.

$$\text{width } h = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

18. Find the Newton's forward difference interpolation polynomial for the following data.

x	0	1	2	3
$f(x)$	1	3	7	13

19. If $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$, $B = \{1, 2, 7, 9\}$, $C = \{4, 5, 9\}$ then prove that $A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cup C$.

20. If $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$, $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $B = \{4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$, then verify

Is (a) $(A \cup B)^c = A^c \cap B^c$?

Is (b) $(A \cap B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$?